HOTA S6 Ultra

AC/DC Dual Channel Smart Charger
User manual



Before first use, read the entire manual carefully, especially the safety instructions in chapter 1. Keep the manual for future reference.

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1. Safety instructions

1.1 Warnings and safety notes

① Do not use the charger unattended. In case of any functional abnormality, stop using it and refer to this manual.

② Keep the charger away from dust, humidity, rain and high temperature, as well as direct exposure to sunlight and intense vibration.

③ The DC input voltage of the charger is **10.5–30 V DC**. When connecting to the power supply, make sure that its voltage matches the operating voltage range of the charger.

④ Place the charger on a heat-resistant, non-flammable and insulating surface. Do not use it on a car seat, carpet or similar place. Keep flammable and explosive objects away from the operating area of the charger.

⑤ Make sure the ventilation openings of the charger are not covered during use and that the cooling fan can extract heat freely.

⑥ Fully understand the charging and discharge characteristics as well as the specifications of the battery, and set up proper charging parameters in the charger. Incorrect settings can damage the charger and the battery and even lead to disastrous consequences such as fire and explosion.

⑦ When charging or discharging is completed, first press the rotary knob to terminate the current task, then remove the battery once the charger shows the standby screen.

1.2 Safety notes

- Do not modify or disassemble the charger.
- Do not place the charger or battery near flammable objects during use. Do not charge or discharge on carpet, paper, plastic, vinyl, leather or wood, or inside a model or a car.
- Keep the charger out of reach of children.
- Do not drop wires or other conductive objects into the charger.
- Always select the correct battery type and parameters. A wrong selection may not only damage the battery but can also be dangerous – a lithium battery must not be overcharged, it may catch fire.
- Do not mix batteries of different types, capacities or manufacturers.
- Do not attempt to charge non-rechargeable (primary) cells.
- Do not charge or discharge a battery that leaks, swells, has a damaged wrapper, has changed colour or is deformed.
- Do not exceed the maximum charge current specified by the battery manufacturer.
- Follow the instructions and safety advice of the charger manufacturer.

- Do not cover the fan outlet. Do not use the charger in direct sunlight, in a confined space or in a high-temperature environment – the temperature protection may activate and charging and discharging will not work normally.

1.3 Batteries you must not charge or store

- batteries of different manufacturers, models, types or capacities (connected together),
- non-rechargeable cells – risk of explosion,
- batteries of unknown type or with unknown parameters,
- batteries with special requirements for charging technology,
- damaged or defective batteries,
- batteries with a built-in circuit or protection electronics,
- batteries installed in another device or connected to other components,
- batteries for which the manufacturer has not confirmed that they can take the charge current of this charger.

1.4 General rules for charging LiPo batteries

- Charge only at room temperature and on a non-flammable surface, ideally in a fireproof LiPo bag or box.
- Let the battery cool down after a flight before charging; always charge multi-cell lithium batteries with the balance connector attached.
- If the battery gets hot, swells or smells during charging, stop the task immediately, disconnect the battery and move it to a safe place.
- Bring batteries that you will not use for a longer time to storage voltage with the *Storage* function (chapter 6.6).
- Charge lead-acid (Pb) batteries only in a well-ventilated area – hydrogen may be released during charging. Keep open flames and sources of sparks away.

1.5 Power supply and operating environment

- The charger is intended for persons over 14 years of age and for use in a dry indoor environment only, at 0–40 °C.
- Connect the AC input only to a 100–240 V, 50–60 Hz outlet using the supplied power cable. Do not use a damaged cable or charger. Disconnect the charger from the mains after use.
- A DC power source (10.5–30 V) must deliver sufficient current; observe the correct polarity. Do not overload the USB-A (max. 2.1 A) and DC 12 V (max. 1 A) outputs.
- In case of fire, disconnect the charger from the power supply if it is safe to do so. Do not extinguish a mains-powered device with water. Call the emergency number 112.

2. Product description

2.1 Features

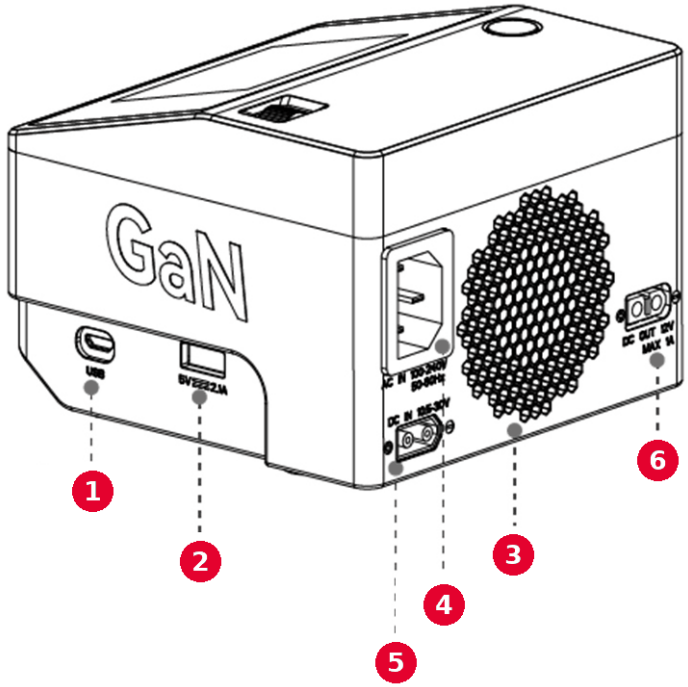
- **Two independent channels, AC and DC input** – the charger has a built-in mains power supply and can also be powered from a DC source, so it can handle different applications in various environments.
- **Combined charging** – the output power of both channels can be concentrated on one battery: charge power up to 500 W and charge current up to 22 A.
- **Multilingual interface** – menu in Simplified Chinese, Traditional Chinese, Japanese, English and German.
- **Efficient heat dissipation** – active fan cooling.
- **Protection** – advanced circuit design and software algorithms deal with abnormalities such as overvoltage, overcurrent, overheating and short circuit during both charging and discharging.
- **Wide battery support** – all common lithium battery types, NiMH/NiCd/NiZn, Eneloop, lead-acid batteries and smart batteries.
- **Separate outputs** – a USB-A 5 V port and an XT60-F 12 V output for powering FPV goggles, monitors and other devices.

2.2 Specifications

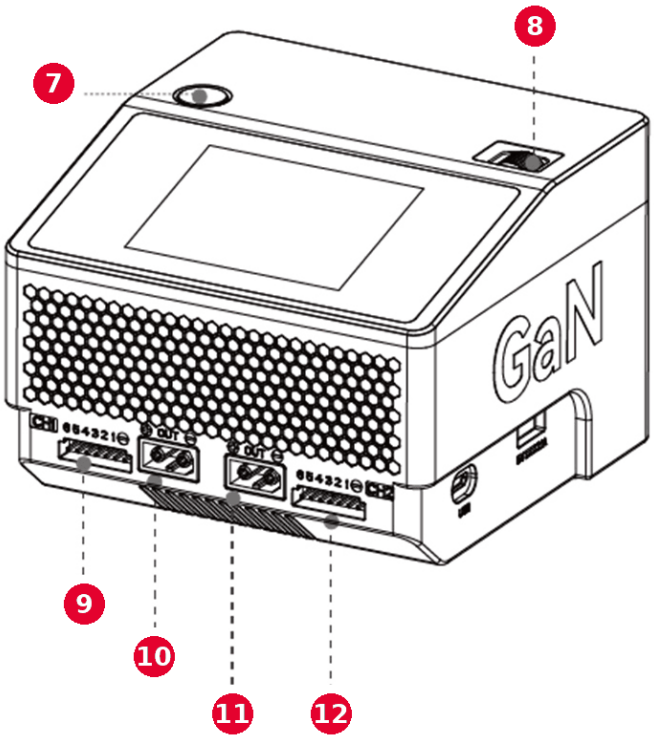
Parameter	Value
Input voltage	AC 100–240 V, 50–60 Hz / DC 10.5–30 V
Charge power – AC	480 W (automatic power distribution between channels)
Charge power – DC	2 × 325 W at input voltage > 26 V
Charge current	0.1–15 A × 2
Combined charging	power 500 W, current 0.1–22 A
Discharge power	internal: 2 × 15 W (via balance port 2 × 10 W) external: 2 × 325 W (650 W in total)
Discharge current	0.1–3 A × 2
Balance current	max. 1600 mA × 2
Battery types	LiHV / LiPo / LiFe / Li-Ion / LiXX: 1–6S NiZn / NiCd / NiMH: 1–16S Smart Battery: 1–6S lead-acid (Pb): 1–12S (2–24 V) Eneloop: 1–16S
USB output	USB-A 5 V / 2.1 A
DC output	XT60-F, 12 V, max. 1 A
Operating temperature	0–40 °C

Parameter	Value
Storage temperature	−20–60 °C
Dimensions	116 × 116 × 85 mm
Weight	approx. 800 g
Protection functions	temperature, time and capacity protection; input and output reverse polarity protection; short-circuit protection; output overcurrent and overvoltage protection; overcharge and over-discharge protection

2.3 Device overview



Rear and side view



Front view

No.	Element	No.	Element
1	USB port for firmware updates	7	CH button (channel selection)
2	USB-A output 5 V / 2.1 A	8	rotary knob (turn and press)
3	fan	9	channel 1 balance port
4	AC input 100–240 V	10	channel 1 output (XT60)
5	DC input 10.5–30 V (XT60)	11	channel 2 output (XT60)
6	DC output 12 V, max. 1 A (XT60-F)	12	channel 2 balance port

2.4 Package contents

- HOTA S6 Ultra charger,
- mains power cable.

3. Connection

3.1 Recommended way of connection

① Connect the power supply to the charger and wait for the system to complete its self-check (System Self-Checking).

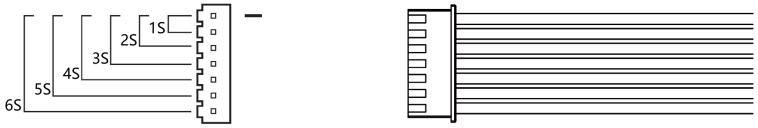
② Choose the channel that is connected to the battery.

③ Turn and press the rotary knob to set the task parameters suitable for the battery on the screen.

④ Start the task.

Do not connect a battery to the charger outputs during the self-check – see chapter 7.

3.2 Balance port



Balance plug connection 1S–6S

- The balance port of the charger is used to monitor the cell voltages of lithium battery packs.
- When connecting, align the balance plug of the battery with the “−” sign on the charger. The diagram above shows the alignment of the balance plug for 1S to 6S.

3.3 Separate USB-A and XT60-F 12 V outputs



Rear side: USB-A output and DC 12 V output (XT60-F)

- The **USB-A 5 V / 2.1 A** output (2) is used to charge and power USB-powered devices such as a mobile phone.

- The **DC 12 V, max. 1 A** output with an XT60-F connector (6) is used to power FPV goggles, monitors and other 12 V devices.
- The **USB** port (1) is used to update the charger firmware, not to power devices.

3.4 Standard battery types and task parameters

Type	Rated voltage	Full charge	Storage	Discharge	Balance	Cells	Max. current	Max. C
NiCd/NiMH	1.20 V	1.50 V	no	0.90 V	no	1–14S	15 A	≤ 2C
LiFe	3.20 V	3.65 V	3.30 V	2.90 V	yes	1–6S	15 A	≤ 4C
Li-Ion	3.6 V	4.10 V	3.70 V	3.20 V	yes	1–6S	15 A	≤ 1C
LiPo	3.70 V	4.20 V	3.80 V	3.30 V	yes	1–6S	15 A	≤ 1C
LiHV	3.80 V	4.35 V	3.85 V	3.40 V	yes	1–6S	15 A	≤ 1C
NiZn	1.50 V	1.93 V	1.60 V	1.20 V	yes	1–14S	15 A	≤ 0.5C
LiXX	3.7 V	4.20 V	3.80 V	3.30 V	yes	1–6S	15 A	≤ 1C
Smart Battery	3.70 V	4.20 V	3.80 V	3.30 V	yes	1–6S	15 A	≤ 1C
Pb	2.00 V	2.46 V	no	1.90 V	no	1–12S	15 A	≤ 0.5C
Eneloop	1.20 V	1.50 V	no	0.90 V	no	1–14S	15 A	≤ 0.5C

※ Voltages are per cell. Unbalanced charging (without the balance connector) is supported by all battery types.

Be very careful to choose the correct voltage for each battery type, otherwise the battery may be damaged. Incorrect settings could cause the battery to burn or explode, leading to injury of people or loss of property.

4. Operation

4.1 How to determine the charging current

- It is important to know the maximum charging current of the battery before charging. Excessive current shortens the battery life, may damage it and can cause heating or even explosion of the battery during charging.
- The charging and discharge capacity of a battery is usually marked with a C value. Multiplying the charging C value by the battery capacity gives the maximum charging current supported by the battery. For example, for a 1000 mAh battery with a charging capacity of 5C, the maximum charging current is 1000 × 5 = 5000 mA, i.e. 5 A.
- For a lithium battery whose charging C value cannot be confirmed, set the charging current below 1C for safety.
- Reference relation between the C value and charging time: charging time ≥ 60 minutes / charging C value (so charging at 1C takes about 60–70 minutes). Due to differences in battery power conversion efficiency, the charging time may be longer.

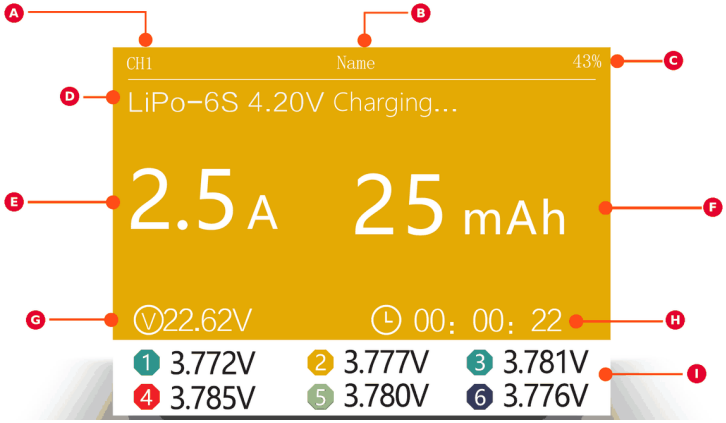
4.2 Controls

The charger is operated with the **CH button** (7) and the **rotary knob** (8), which can be turned and pressed (see chapter 2.3).

Control	Short press	Long press
CH button	switch channel	quickly end the task of the current channel or open the *Task Settings* menu of the channel
rotary knob	in standby opens the *Task Settings* menu; during a task opens the *Adjust Task* menu to adjust the current	in standby opens the *Charger Settings* menu

Turning the knob moves through menus and changes values; during a task it switches the information in the lower part of the screen.

4.3 Display



Single-channel screen (example: charging)

	Information		Information
A	current channel	F	capacity charged / discharged
B	device name	G	total battery voltage
C	percentage of task completion	H	operation time
D	battery parameters and task status	I	cell voltages
E	output current		

Turning the knob during a task switches the lower part of the screen between cell voltages, cell internal resistance and operating data. Cell voltages are only shown during balance charging; internal resistance is only shown when the measurement is valid (the battery is not in pre-charge and no cell reaches full charge within 2 minutes).

▶ Split-screen display

① After power-on the charger shows the split-screen display – standby state. The left half shows channel 1 (CH1), the right half channel 2 (CH2); for each channel the operation time, battery parameters, present current, capacity charged, output voltage and power and battery voltage are shown.

② In standby, long press the rotary knob to open the *Charger Settings* menu.

③ Short press the CH button to display the selected channel.

④ Long press the CH button to stop the tasks of both channels.

4.4 Task procedures

In all cases, first connect the charger to the power supply, wait for the self-check to complete and connect the battery in the standby state.

▶ **Standby**

- The screen is blue; output current, total battery voltage, capacity and operation time are shown as zero. Turning the knob switches the lower part of the screen between cell voltages and operating data.
- After selecting the channel, short press the rotary knob to open the *Task Settings* menu.
- Short press the CH button to switch the channel; long press the rotary knob to open the *Charger Settings* menu.

▶ **Charge**

- After selecting the channel, short press the rotary knob to open the *Task Settings* menu, set the task to *Charge*, adjust the parameters and short press the rotary knob to start the task.
- During charging, short press the rotary knob to open the *Adjust Task* menu and adjust the charge current. Long press the CH button to stop the task.

▶ **Fast charge done**

- When fast charging is completed, the cell voltage difference is less than 20 mV and the screen shows that fast charging is completed. Press the rotary knob to stop the task before disconnecting the battery.
- Long press the CH button to stop the current task; short press it to switch the channel.

▶ **Discharge**

- In the *Task Settings* menu set the task to *Discharge*, adjust the parameters and short press the rotary knob to start the task.
- During the task, short press the rotary knob to open the *Adjust Task* menu and adjust the discharge current. Long press the CH button to stop the task.

▶ **External Discharge**

- Connect the battery to be discharged to the **DC input** of the charger (5) and wait for the self-check to complete. Then, in the standby state, connect a high-power resistive load to the charger outputs.
- In the *Task Settings* menu set the task to *External Discharge*, adjust the parameters and start the task.
- Adjust the discharge current in the *Adjust Task* menu; long press the CH button to stop the task. The lower part of the screen shows, among other things, the input power and the operating temperature.

▶ Storage

- In the *Task Settings* menu set the task to *Storage*, adjust the parameters and start the task.
- Adjust the current in the *Adjust Task* menu; long press the CH button to stop the task.

▶ Balance

- In the *Task Settings* menu set the task to *Balance*, adjust the parameters and start the task.
- Adjust the balance current in the *Adjust Task* menu; long press the CH button to stop the task.

▶ Combined Charging

- In the standby state, connect the battery to **both outputs** of the charger (chapter 6.10).
- In the *Task Settings* menu set the task to *Combined Charging*, adjust the parameters and start the task.
- Adjust the charge current in the *Adjust Task* menu; long press the CH button to stop the task.

※ In all tasks, cell voltages are only displayed with the balance connector attached.

5. Charger settings

5.1 Charger Settings menu

In the standby state, long press the rotary knob to open the *Charger Settings* menu. It contains the following items:

Item	Function
Task Parameters	safety timer, maximum capacity, end current and other task parameters
System Parameters	language, LCD backlight, input power, input voltage, volume, night mode and more
CH1 Calibrations	data calibration of channel 1
CH2 Calibrations	data calibration of channel 2
System Self-Checking	start the self-check of the charger
Factory Settings	restore all parameters to factory settings (user calibration data are cleared)
System Info	system information, serial number
Back	exit the settings

5.2 Task Parameters

Item	Function
Safety Timer	maximum permitted running time; when exceeded, the protection automatically stops the task
Max. Capacity	maximum permitted charged capacity; when exceeded, the protection automatically stops the task
End Current	the task ends when the current drops below the set ratio of the set current
Trickle Charge	trickle charge: On / Off
Back	return to the upper menu

5.3 System Parameters

Item	Function
Language	system language
Regenerative Discharge	set current, voltage and power
Max. Input Power	input power limit
Min. Input Voltage	minimum input voltage limit
LCD backlight	backlight: high, middle, low
Volume	buzzer volume: high, middle, low
Completion Signal	completion sound: Single or Repeat
Device Name	press the rotary knob to enter editing and enter the device name manually; long press to exit
Average AC Power on Channel	even distribution of mains power between channels: On / Off
Night Mode	night mode: On / Off
Back	return to the upper menu

※ If the buzzer volume is set to OFF, operation sounds are muted, but not error warning sounds.

5.4 Task Settings

After connecting the power supply and completing the self-check, connect the battery in the standby state, select the channel and short press the rotary knob to open the *Task Settings* menu:

Item	Function
Select Task	task selection: Power Supply, Charge, Discharge, External Discharge, Storage, Balance, Combined Charging
Battery Type	battery type: Smart Battery, LiHV, LiPo, LiIon, LiFe, LiXX, NiZn, Pb, NiCd, NiMH, Eneloop
Cell Voltage	fine-tuning of the end voltage per cell
Cell Count	cell count 1–6S; detected automatically when the balance connector is attached
Current Settings	current setting: charge and storage 0.1–15.0 A, discharge 0.1–3.0 A, external discharge 1.0–15.0 A
Start Task	start the task
Back	back

6. Charger functions and notes

6.1 General

The S6 Ultra charger operates in a series charging mode. When connecting the battery, its output (power) cable must always be connected. For lithium batteries it is strongly recommended to connect the balance connector as well – the charger then accurately monitors the voltage of each cell and balances cells with poor consistency. When charging in unbalanced mode (without the balance connector), the charger shows a warning before starting the task.

6.2 Power Supply function

When the power supply function is selected, the charger works as an adjustable power supply. The output port voltage can be set between 5–24 V and the output power between 100–300 W.

The output port wires must not touch each other (risk of short circuit) and the output must not be overloaded – the device could be destroyed.

6.3 Charging

While charging, the screen is orange; when charging is completed it turns green or blue. When charging is completed and the cell voltage difference is less than 20 mV, the screen turns green. If you need the battery urgently, you can stop charging at this point. If you do not stop it, the charger continues balancing the battery. When the voltage difference drops below 10 mV, the screen turns blue; after that the charger still continues to balance the battery accurately.

After charging, the battery voltage drops back slightly due to differences in cell performance, which is normal. As the number of charge cycles increases, the battery performance gradually declines and this phenomenon becomes more obvious. Charging with a higher current also causes a more noticeable voltage drop after a full charge.

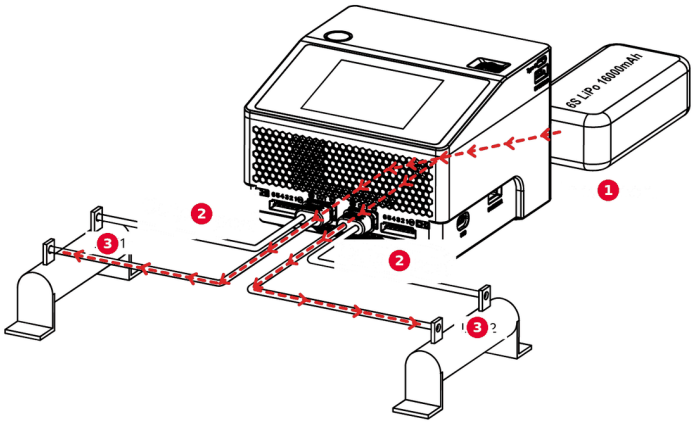
※ Tip: If you are charging outdoors and want to finish quickly, you can stop charging as soon as the screen turns green. If you have enough time and want a better balance, wait for the blue colour, or a little longer after it appears.

6.4 Discharging

The discharge function discharges the battery. It is recommended to discharge with the balance connector attached – discharging is then faster and the end of discharge is detected more accurately. Due to the limited internal discharge power, discharging may be slow, which is normal.

6.5 External discharge

The external discharge function uses an external high-power load resistor to discharge the battery quickly and accurately. The battery to be discharged is connected to the **DC input** (1 in the figure) and the resistive load (3) is connected to the outputs (2). The recommended load resistance is 1.5–2.5 Ω. Other resistance values can also be used, but the charger may not be able to operate at full power.



External discharge: 1 – DC input with the battery to be discharged, 2 – outputs, 3 – load

The load gets very hot during external discharge. Pay attention to safety and avoid accidents or personal injury.

6.6 Storage

When the storage function is selected and the battery voltage is lower than the preset storage voltage, the charging task is performed automatically; if it is higher, the discharge task is performed automatically. To save task time, the storage and discharge tasks do not balance the cell voltages accurately. There may therefore be some deviation between the cell voltage and the preset value at the end of the task, which is normal.

6.7 Balancing

The balance function equalises the voltages of the battery cells. The balance time depends on the cell voltage difference and on the target voltage. When the menu is switched to balance mode, the charger automatically analyses the battery and sets the initial balance voltage, which you can freely adjust. The charging ability of the charger is much larger than its discharge capacity, so selecting a voltage equal to or higher than the current battery voltage usually gives a faster balancing result.

6.8 Activation and repair of an over-discharged battery

If, after the charging task starts, the charger detects that a cell voltage is lower than the pre-charge voltage, the cell is activated and repaired using one tenth of the set current. Once the voltage rises above the pre-charge voltage, charging continues with the set current. This design protects an over-discharged battery.

6.9 Internal resistance measurement

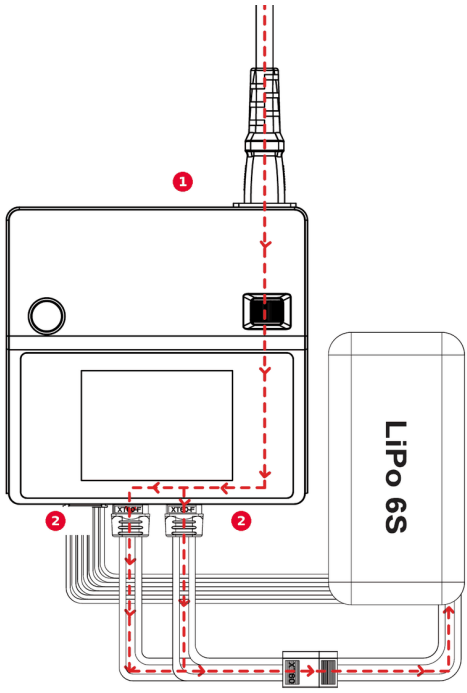
The charger measures the internal resistance of the cells; the measurement only works during balance charging. The internal resistance is measured and calculated about two to three minutes after the charging task starts. Internal resistance varies with the state of charge – generally, the more charged the battery is, the lower the measured resistance.

When measuring internal resistance, the charger briefly adjusts the charging current, so sudden changes of current during charging are normal.

Due to the measurement method, the accuracy of professional measuring instruments cannot be reached. Use the measured value only for comparison – e.g. to judge cell consistency or to compare different batteries. The charging current affects the measurement accuracy: a battery with a large capacity and low internal resistance requires a higher charging current for an accurate measurement.

6.10 Combined charging

In combined charging, the power of both channels is concentrated on one battery that is connected to both outputs of the charger (2) – see the figure. The charger is powered via the input (1).



Combined charging: 1 – power supply, 2 – outputs of both channels

During combined charging the screen is orange; when completed it turns green or blue. If the cell voltage difference is less than 20 mV after completion, the screen turns green and you can stop charging if needed. Otherwise the charger continues balancing until the voltage difference drops below 10 mV, when the screen turns blue; after that it still continues to balance accurately.

After charging, the battery voltage drops slightly due to differences in cell performance, which is normal. The drop becomes more noticeable as the number of cycles increases and with higher charging current.

7. Troubleshooting and maintenance

7.1 Troubleshooting

Situation	Solution
Error during the self-check (System Self-Checking)	If a battery is connected to the output during the self-check, the self-check ends with an error. Disconnect the battery, wait 5 seconds and repeat the test. Do not connect or disconnect a battery at the DC port during the self-check and wait until it is completed before any other operation.
Battery connection error	Reconnect the battery and make sure all connections are in secure contact. If the error message appears repeatedly, check the metal parts of the connectors for oxidation or burning that may affect the contact.

7.2 Maintenance

- Clean the charger with a soft dry cloth; do not use solvents or abrasive cleaners.
- Keep the ventilation openings and the fan free of dust and dirt.
- Regularly check the cables and connectors of the charger and batteries; do not use damaged parts.
- Store the charger in a dry place within the storage temperature range (chapter 2.2).

7.3 Manufacturer's statement

The S6 Ultra charger is designed for the battery types listed in this manual. The manufacturer does not bear any responsibility if the user uses the charger for other purposes. The manufacturer cannot verify whether the user has read the manual carefully before use, nor control how the product is used and stored. All specifications and parameters are subject to change without prior notice.

Manufacturer	Shenzhen HOTA Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	213/215, Floor 2, Building 6, Monli Industrial Park, You Song Road, Longhua District, Shenzhen, China
E-mail	info@hota-exp.com
Web	www.hota-exp.com

8. Information for the EU and Czech Market

8.1 Importer and responsible person in the EU

The product is placed on the European Union market by the importer stated below, who is at the same time the responsible person within the meaning of Article 16 of Regulation (EU) 2023/988 of the European Parliament and of the Council on general product safety (GPSR).

Importer / responsible person in the EU	Rotorama, s.r.o.
Company ID (IČO)	051 57 692
VAT ID (DIČ)	CZ05157692
Registered office	Okrajová 1351, 674 01 Třebíč, Czech Republic
E-mail	info@rotorama.cz
Phone	+420 252 252 098
Website	www.rotorama.cz

8.2 Product conformity

CE

- The product bears the **CE** marking and complies with the requirements of the applicable European Union harmonisation legislation.
- A copy of the **EU Declaration of Conformity** is available from the importer at the address stated above or at the e-mail address info@rotorama.cz.
- **Product identification:** the type designation (S6 Ultra) is given on the product and its packaging; the serial number and system information are shown in *Charger Settings → System Info*.

8.3 Disposal of electrical equipment



- The crossed-out wheeled bin symbol on the product, its packaging or in the documentation means that at the end of its service life the product **must not be disposed of together with mixed municipal waste**.
- Hand it over at a take-back point for electrical equipment – at a collection yard, at a take-back point of a collective system, or at the retailer when purchasing a new equivalent product. Take-back is free of charge for the end user.
- The obligations under Act No. 542/2020 Coll., on end-of-life products, are fulfilled by the importer through a collective take-back system.
- Proper disposal helps prevent negative impacts on the environment and human health and contributes to the reuse of secondary raw materials.

Through its contractual partner **ASEKOL a.s.**, the company ensures the take-back of waste electrical equipment from households and the separate collection of waste electrical equipment, batteries and accumulators in accordance with the applicable legislation. The customer is entitled to hand over old electrical equipment or a battery or accumulator at any collection point of the above contractual partner. The addresses of these take-back points are listed at www.asekol.cz, www.ecobat.cz and also https://visoh2.mzp.cz/RegistrMistZO/RegistrMistZOPublic/MapaMistZpetOdberu.

9. Warranty and rights arising from defective performance

9.1 Rights of the buyer under Czech law

The rights and obligations of the contracting parties are governed by Czech law, in particular by Act No. 89/2012 Coll., the Civil Code, and Act No. 634/1992 Coll., on consumer protection. The manufacturer's warranty terms set out below (Chapter 9.2) **do not in any way limit** the buyer's rights arising from these regulations.

- The seller is liable to the buyer for the product being free of defects on receipt. If the buyer is a consumer, a defect may be notified **within two years of receipt** of the product (Section 2165 of the Civil Code).
- If a defect appears within **one year** of receipt, the product is deemed to have been defective already at the time of receipt (Section 2161(5) of the Civil Code).
- When purchasing online, a consumer has the right to **withdraw from the contract within 14 days** of receiving the goods without giving a reason (Section 1829 of the Civil Code).
- Claims should be made with the retailer from whom you purchased the product. The importer's contact details are given in Chapter 8.1.
- The competent body for out-of-court settlement of consumer disputes is the **Czech Trade Inspection Authority**, Štěpánská 796/44, 110 00 Prague 1, www.coi.cz.

9.2 Manufacturer's warranty terms

❊ The following text is the manufacturer's original warranty statement.

We provide a one-year warranty for this charger from the date of purchase. Within one year, the product will be repaired free of charge. Free repair is not provided if the fault is caused by improper use or modification by the customer. If there is a problem with your product and it is covered by the warranty, please contact your retailer immediately, who will assist you with the repair.

If parts need to be replaced after the warranty period, component and repair fees will be charged. During the warranty period, repairs are not free of charge in the following cases:

- failure or damage caused by improper use, or by disassembly, attachment or modification contrary to these instructions;
- failure or damage caused by natural disasters, falls, collisions or improper voltage.